

# Edmonton Bulletin.

VOL. IX.

EDMONTON, ALBERTA, SATURDAY, JUNE 9TH, 1888.

No. 32.

## TELEGRAPHIC.

OTTAWA, May 31.

Macdowall, M. P., left for Prince Albert last night.

It is generally understood that Lieut. Governor Dewdney will receive both the interior and Indian departments.

OTTAWA, Jun

Davis, M. P., leaves to-morrow evening home.

Davin is now the only one of the North-West members left.

The formal meeting of the great North-West Central railway will be held here Tuesday. Murray will report on his success in capital in London.

The C. P. R. loan had a most remarkable run in London. Thirty millions were applied for in one day, being ten times the amount of the issue.

An order in council has been passed transferring a number of trails in the Territories to the lieutenant-governor in council for the public use of the Territories. Among them are the old trails from Troy to Prince Albert, Swift Current to Battleford, Calgary to Edmonton, Calgary Fort McLeod and others.

OTTAWA, June 4.

The Grenadiers of Toronto were given permission to wear the word "Batoche" on their colors.

The horse thieves Slim Jim alias Perkins alias McIntyre and Bruno Asner were sentenced lately at Maple Creek to five years in the penitentiary by Judge MacLeod.

OTTAWA, June 5.

A thousand families are homeless to-night in Hull and property valued at \$350,000 has been destroyed. Shortly after 15 o'clock a fire broke out in the city of Hull. A terrible gale was blowing and swept everything before it. The fine parish church, presbytery, and convent of Notre Dame, and about four hundred houses were completely destroyed. The scene to-night in the burned district is one of utter desolation.

OTTAWA, June 6.

A fire on the morning of June 5th destroyed the box factory of Hewitt & Harvey and Pearce & Co.'s furnace factory, of Toronto.

The worst storm within the history of living man struck Ottawa district at noon today. A laborer named Mulligan was killed by a barn falling. The Protestant hospital was struck by lightning, and suffered damage to the extent of \$5,000. Reports from Montreal say the storm was the worst for many years. Rumors of loss of life in eastern townships cannot be verified. Lumbermen suffered heavy losses.

WINNIPEG, June 1.

Gilroy has been nominated to oppose McMillan for Centre Winnipeg.

Gen. Sheridan continues to hold his own. He had a good night's sleep and is very cheerful. His appointment as general seems to have given him renewed strength. There is a chance that he will pull through.

At Limerick, Ireland, government troops celebrated the Queen's birthday. Large crowds gathered at the barracks. When the soldiers cheered the Queen's name the crowd responded with cheers for Wm. O'Brien and the plan of campaign.

The first shipping disaster of the season on Lake Superior occurred this morning at 3:30, when the schooner Maggie McCrae went down with 25,000 bushels of wheat, consigned to the Ogilvies of Montreal. The cargo was insured in full. All hands were saved.

WINNIPEG, June 4.

The building at No. 11 Owen street, formerly known, in the old time, as the Temperance Hall, and later as the printing house of the Manitoban-Call Printing Co., Winnipeg, was burned last night. None of the contents of the building were saved, and all the types old fyles etc. of the Call Printing company were destroyed. Loss about \$35,000; insurance \$21,400. Cause of fire unknown. Incendiarism is suspected. The Free Press office had a narrow escape. Notwithstanding all this the Call appeared as usual this morning, only in a smaller form.

WINNIPEG, June 4.

J. J. Golden has been nominated conservative candidate in North Winnipeg.

It is stated that Mr. Royal will be sworn in lieutenant-governor of the North-West Territories at Regina on July 3rd.

Geo. Parker, of Rockland, past grand deputy and past grand standard bearer of the Free Masons of England is dead.

WINNIPEG, June 6.

Mr. Macdowall, of Prince Albert, accompanied by his wife and family arrived from the east this morning and is stopping at the Clarendon.

Calloway has retired from the contest in North Winnipeg, leaving only three candidates in the field. Golden, the conservative candidate, says he is meeting with even more encouragement than he anticipated.

REGINA, June 5.

Election writs were issued yesterday. Nomination on the 20th inst. and election on the 27th, in all constituencies excepting Edmonton, Battleford, Prince Albert, Kinisteno and Batoche, where the dates are the 23rd and 30th. Returning officers are: Batoche, R. Oullette; Prince Albert, Lt.-Col. Sprout; Battleford, W. J. Scott; Edmonton, W. S. Robertson; Red Deer, J. McKay.

St. Louis, June 6.

At the Democratic convention held here to-day Cleveland was unanimously nominated as the candidate for president of the United States. It is thought that Thurman will be selected as vice-president to-morrow.

## LOCAL.

ROADS are drying rapidly.

No passengers by Monday's stage.

THOS. EDMUNDSON arrived from Victoria to-day.

W. R. BRERETON arrived from Victoria on Wednesday.

THE H. B. steamer at the Landing will be ready to launch next month.

RAIN on Sunday, Monday, Wednesday and Thursday. Fine on Friday and Saturday.

PETER ERASMUS arrived from Victoria on Friday to raft down lumber for the H. B. Co.

P. McKERRER arrived on Thursday from Calgary with a band of beef cattle for M. McCauley.

JOSEPH POTVIN, M. D., of Edmonton, has been enrolled as a medical practitioner for the North-West.

CLINKSKILL and Clink are the only candidates in the field in Battleford. The election there will be hot.

TENDERS have been called for the erection of two buildings at Saddle lake for telegraph service. Also for supply of hay for this station.

ON Saturday June 2nd, before Insp. Casey, J. P. Geo. Overy was fined \$50 and costs or 42 days in jail, for infraction of the fire ordinance.

The Regina Leader of May 29th mentions that "Mr. Simcoe Lee gives a literary and musical melange to-morrow evening at the barracks."

THE hay required for the mounted police will be called for during the present month, when tenders for 50 tons and upwards will be entertained.

H. S. YOUNG and Mrs. W. L. Wood arrived from the Athabasca Landing on Thursday afternoon. Roads very bad on account of recent wet weather.

A. MACDONALD & Co. have the contract of supplying the Indian department with 400 sacks of flour at Battle river agency, and 300 at Edmonton agency by July 1st, and an equal quantity at each place by Nov. 1st.

MR. LINDSAY, Methodist mission school teacher at Whitefish lake, arrived on Friday. The season has been dry and cold in that locality, and crops are rather backward. The Indians have killed over twenty bears lately.

F. FRASER TIMS, late of Swift Current, has purchased S. D. Mulkins' place at Ft. Saskatchewan and will refit it as a store. He has now a large stock of goods on the way in, and will open up business about the 21st inst.

THE election campaign, although young is very lively in this district. Five local candidates are out, so far as heard from. In St. Albert settlement Messrs. S. Cunningham, D. Maloney and J. U. Prieur are offering; and in Edmonton, Dr. Wilson and Frank Oliver.

ELMORE BROS. left the Landing with two boat loads of goods on May 24th for Lake Athabasca. R. Armstrong, D. Stewart and W. Lang are still at the Landing building another boat for goods to arrive shortly. They will take it down the Athabasca to Grand Rapids where they expect to meet one of the boats' crews always gone forward to help them down.

A warm rain set in on Sunday morning last which continued all day and all night. On Monday morning it turned to snow and upwards of an inch of soft wet snow fell in town. The snow and rain ceased about 8 o'clock a. m. and before noon the former had disappeared. No damage was done to any crop by the snow and a great deal of good was done by the moistening of the ground.

MEETING of the directors of the Edmonton and St. Albert Agricultural Society in the school house, Edmonton, on June 23rd.

THE following telegram, which will explain an announcement of candidature in another column, was received at this office yesterday: "Calgary, 8th June, 1888. To Frank Oliver. Please announce me as candidate in forthcoming election in farming and ranching interest. Particulars by outgoing mail. Alfred Brealey."

THE funeral of Sims Bolton, who died at Ft. Saskatchewan last week, took place on Sunday at the Edmonton cemetery. Deceased was about 40 years of age, and came from Aylmer, Quebec. He was on J. C. Nelson's survey party in '86, working at the Indian reserves at Whitefish lake and Lac la Biche. He did not return east with the party, remaining at Victoria all winter. He was engaged as teacher of the school there, and was afterwards in the employ of the H. B. Co. for several months. Last winter his health failed and he began to show symptoms of insanity, which resulted in his being taken in charge as a lunatic by the police at Ft. Saskatchewan. His insanity, and at last death, were caused by softening of the brain.

LAST mail brought a letter from W. R. Lloyd dated Lake Lindeman, Alaska, May 2nd, '88. Lake Lindeman is at the head of canoe navigation on the Yukon by the Chilkat route. The letter says: "We have been lying here for the last four days, some blind and others sick. About 60 men are waiting here for the lake to freeze hard or thaw out, but it has been doing neither for the last two or three weeks. The snow is about six feet deep and too soft to allow walking on it. It is the same on the portage, but a good deal deeper. We thought our hard work was over when we reached the summit, but we were mistaken. It is nearly as hard to get down as it was to get up. You have to hold on to your sleigh like grim death, going down hill, or it would get away and be broken. We only got 400 pounds from the summit in four days, as we cannot travel on account of the snow being so soft. Two of the boys went to bring a load from the summit yesterday, but had to come back without it besides lying out all night in a wet mist. They are laid up to-day. We intended to pack our provisions over the summit ourselves, but it was lucky for us we did not try, for we would never have got there. It is the roughest road you can think of, and the Indians well earn \$10 per hundred pounds for packing from Haley's at the head of salt water to the summit, 15 miles. We had fifteen Indians with three squaws, packing for two of us, myself and Mr. Scott. Patton and Mitchell stayed behind at Juneau, and it was lucky for them they did so, as they could not have paid for packing their provisions over and could not have done it themselves. There are places where it takes a man all his time to get up alone, without anything, and I advise anyone going to the Yukon never to move one foot unless they can pay to have their provisions and everything else packed over the summit. The Indians were three days getting our provisions from Haley's to the summit and they only took from 100 to 150 pounds each. They are quite friendly and don't bother those who wish to pack for themselves, but they did two or three years ago, until an American gunboat went up and demanded their chief and put him in jail, and the captain told the rest that he would blow up their village up if he had to come again. I have been almost blind for two days, but am getting all right again."

SKETCHES of notable places and scenes in the West India Islands are a present leading feature in the London Illustrated News. The artist, Melton Prior, is making a trip around the world, which will be duly illustrated in the News. Mr. Prior passed over the C. P. R. lately on his way to the Pacific and North-West readers of the News will look anxiously for his sketches to appear. The American edition of the News is only \$4.00 a year, or \$3.50 to paid in advance subscribers to the BULLETIN.

A Russian colony to be called Beresina is to be established near Langenburg, Man., on the Manitoba North-Western railway, and an Austrian colony to be called Josefsberg, near Grenfell, Assa.

A. F. Martin's reason for retiring from Manitoba politics is that he must pay more attention to his private business in order to support his family.

Messrs. D. F. Jelly, M. N. W. C., and Geo. Brown are the opposing candidates for the North-West legislature in North Regina.

The Ottawa Journal says that a storm is brewing in the federal cabinet, to burst if certain changes wished for by the premier are carried.

The Land Corporation of Canada is in debt to the tune of £4,500 sterling, and blames the directors for bad management.

John Bright was ill of congestion of the lungs on May 28th.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CABBAGE AND TOMATO PLANTS FOR SALE.  
Apply to

THOS. HENDERSON,  
Fraser Avenue.

JOS. POTVIN, M. D., PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, ETC. Graduate of the University of Victoria College, Cobourg, Ont. Office: John Thurston's building, east of Jasper House (brick hotel), Edmonton.

MR. JAS. PRICE

Begs to inform his friends and the public generally that he will open on the 2nd of July, with a

GRAND BALL.

His new buildings, to be known as the BELMONT PLEASURE GARDENS

And summer resort.

He begs respectfully to state that having spared no pains nor expense in the house and flower gardens he hopes by strict attention and civility to merit a share of your patronage.

N. B.—Good stabling and an ostler always in attendance.

REMOVED! REMOVED!

E. RAYMER & CO.

Have removed from their old stand to one opposite the BULLETIN office. Their reasons for moving are increase of business and more space to do it in.

NOTE.—Our Jewelry and Stationery lines are complete. Having just received a lot of watch and jewelry material we will be able to repair watches and jewelry with neatness and dispatch.

E. RAYMER & CO.,  
Jewelers and Stationers.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS.

THE HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY,  
EDMONTON,

Are now offering full lines in

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES.

A large shipment now arriving and more on the road.

Inspection invited and full value for money guaranteed. Call and see; no trouble to show goods.

Special orders taken for Suits, Costumes, Mantles, and any Lady's or Gentleman's wear; to be supplied from our establishment in Winnipeg in the shortest possible time.

HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY.

**THE EDMONTON BULLETIN** is published every Saturday morning, at the office, Main street, Edmonton. Subscription—Two Dollars per annum. Advertising rates—Standing advertisements, two dollars a line per annum; transient advertisements, ten cents a line for first insertion and five cents a line for each subsequent insertion. FRANK OLIVER, proprietor.

EDMONTON BULLETIN, JUNE 9, 1888.

The North-West Central railway company has been granted 6,400 acres of land a mile from Brandon to Battleford or 2,800,000 acres.

A complaint is made from Northern Idaho that lead ore of extraordinary fineness is being shipped across the line from British Columbia to be reduced in Idaho, to the detriment of native ores.

G. S. Davidson is a candidate for the North-West legislature in South Qu'Appelle, and Wm. Sutherland in North Qu'Appelle. P. B. Richardson of Grenfell will be a candidate in Wolseley district.

The Regina Leader says editorially concerning the ministry of interior that it has learned "the government has determined to place in the cabinet a capable man from the people's representatives."

The Lethbridge News, commenting on the withdrawal of the Alberta railway bill, thinks that if, as appears, disallowance is to take the place of monopoly in the Territories a gigantic swindle has been perpetrated at the expense of the country.

The coroner's jury which sat on the case of Jas. McMurtry, drowned in the Banff hot springs lately, decided that the shock ensuing from the entry of deceased into the water was the cause of his death, and called for a medical supervision of the baths.

The Free Press favors the present Dominion lands commissioner, H. H. Smith, for the new minister of the interior in preference to Foster, McLellan, Costigan or Dewdney. The BULLETIN begs to tender its support to the great and only Nicholas Flood in preference to the above. Whatever Mr. Davin's faults or failings may be he is a man of eminent ability, he has had some North-West experience, he would be glad to give the settler a fair chance, and sitting for a North-West constituency he would be amenable to North-West public opinion, as the other parties mentioned would not.

Gabriel Dumont in a recent lecture delivered by him in Montreal took occasion to say that the mal-administration of the Indian department in the North-West was due to the rascality of the local agents. The BULLETIN has had occasion at various times to call in question the actions of the department in the North-West, but it has never yet had occasion to say that any of the agents, farm instructors, storemen, interpreters, or other officials in this vicinity were not honest and painstaking officials, and upright individuals. What suffering has fallen to the lot of the Indians cannot fairly be charged to them, except that in their loyalty to their superiors they are ready to assume blame that should really fall on officials of higher rank. The trouble with the Indian administration in the North-West is in the Regina office, and in the orders sent from that office by which the officials who came into direct contact with the Indians have to be guided.

The telegram in this issue fixing the date of nomination and election of members to the North-West legislature appears to conflict somewhat with the act on the subject: Section 5 of the late amendments to the North-West act under which the elections are to be held provides that "Until the legislature of the North-West otherwise provides, as it may do, the law in force therein at the time of the passing of this act relating to the election of members of the council of the North-West Territories shall, subject to the provisions of this act apply to the election of members of the legislative assembly." The law alluded to is the proclamation of Lieutenant-Governor Laird of 1881, under which all elections to the North-West council, and the late North-West federal elections, as well have been held. That proclamation provides that "Not less than eight days before the day fixed in the writ for the nomination of candidates, the returning officer shall cause to be posted up in a conspicuous position in at least ten of the most public places throughout the electoral district a proclamation, which shall set forth the place and day named in the writ for the nomination." It further provides that "Whenever a poll has been granted it shall be held on the same day of the week as the nomination, in the second week thereafter." As the telegram reads only one week is to intervene between nomination and election instead of two as provided by this law.

#### THE ELECTIONS.

The announcement of the elections to the North-West legislature has been the signal for the commencement of what will doubtless be a lively campaign. The time could scarcely be better. Seeding is over and haying will not begin until well after election day. In the large majority of constituencies the time between the issue of the writs and the date of the election is ample to allow all electors a full opportunity to make up their minds regarding the merits of the respective candidates, and the various lines of policy advocated by each. In this district, owing to its large extent and widely scattered settlements, the case is somewhat different, but even here there is little reason to complain. An election contest necessarily causes disturbance of business and the longer drawn out the contest to greater the disturbance; so that as long as time enough is left for candidates to place their views before the public and for electors to make up their minds the shorter the time the better.

Owing to the fact that the late government of the North-West has ceased to exist and that it has not been made plain exactly what the new government will be there is to some extent a lack of definite issues fixed in the public mind, upon which electors usually differ and support opposing candidates representing those differences of opinion. If responsible local government had been absolutely denied the North-West a square issue would have been presented for the consideration of the people at the polls. It has not been absolutely denied, and the question now is not, are we to continue under bureaucratic government, but, Are the people satisfied with the half measure accorded them, or do they demand a full measure? On the stand taken by the representatives shortly to be elected will depend whether the measure of responsible government accorded shall be expanded until the people's representatives shall have full control of the people's affairs, or shall be allowed to sink into the condition in which it has hitherto been, with the representatives of the people merely playing at government.

Intimately connected with the question of responsible government is the matter of the control of the money annually voted by the federal parliament for expenses of government in the North-West, in the nature of a provincial subsidy. As is well known, when the four original provinces of confederation united they gave up to the federal authority their revenues derived from customs duties and internal revenue taxes. In consideration of this they were allowed a certain subsidy, from the federal treasury towards bearing the expenses of their local governments. As the other provinces, including Manitoba, joined they were allowed similar terms. When the older provinces joined their debts were assumed by the federal authority, and when Manitoba was organized, having no debt, a sum was placed to its credit to balance its share of the indebtedness of the other provinces, which by entering confederation it assumed. Interest is paid by the federal to the provincial government on this amount in addition to the ordinary subsidy. In all the older provinces the public lands belong to the province and are administered for the benefit of the provincial treasury. In Manitoba as in the North-West the public land is in the hands of the federal government. In compensation for this Manitoba receives an annual payment of \$100,000 from that government. These are all fixed sums, payable at fixed times and under the sole control of the provincial governments. The money annually voted by parliament for expenses of government in the North-West is in lieu of these sums paid to the various provinces, its amount depends entirely on the whim of the government of the day, it has hitherto been under the sole control of the lieutenant-governor who administers it as an official of the interior department, and the late amendments to the North-West act make no provision for placing it in any degree under the control of the representatives of the people upon whose account it is paid and for whose benefit it is supposed to be expended. It is for the people to say at the coming elections whether they desire this condition of affairs to continue or whether they will demand the control of their own

money, and not only so but that it shall be fixed at a fair amount.

Another matter also connected with the question of responsible government is the power conferred upon the North-West legislature by the federal authority. In the case of the provinces the powers of their respective government's are defined by imperial act, and within the limits of that act they have full control. The powers of the North-West legislature, as in the case of the late council, are derived from Ottawa, not even by act of parliament, which would stand good at least from session to session, but by order in council passed from time to time. The position is this, that if at any time the assembly should attempt to pass legislation within its powers but obnoxious to the Ottawa authorities a cabinet meeting could be held in Ottawa at a moment's notice and the power taken from the legislature. Until the government of the North-West is given a fixed standing as to powers and revenues, responsible government in fact is impossible, and the people's representatives can do little more than play at legislation. Playing, it may be well to remember, can do little good and yet may do much harm. It is to the interest of the North-West that the play should be turned into earnest as soon as possible. That the people should at the coming elections send to the legislature representatives who can be depended upon to stand firmly for the popular rights. By no other means can these rights be attained.

#### NEW GOODS JUST ARRIVED.

##### MENS' AND BOYS' CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

FELT AND STRAW HATS

And the grandest display of

—: MILLINERY :—

that was ever brought in to Edmonton.

More goods on the way.

Take a look and see the stock.

JOHN A. McDOUGALL.

#### NEW GOODS.

ALBERTA

BOOT AND SHOE

HOUSE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

STEWART & BANNERMAN.

A. MACDONALD & CO.,

GENERAL MERCHANTS,

First arrivals of Spring Goods, consisting of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

SIDE, SPICED ROLL and

BREAKFAST BACON,

CANNED GOODS and

GENERAL GROCERIES, Etc.

TO ARRIVE NEXT WEEK,

a full line of Clothing,

HATS AND CAPS, &C., &C.

Prices lower than ever.

Call and examine.

A. MACDONALD & CO.

#### ARRIVED TO-DAY

EVAPORATED APRICOTS,

LARD, BACON, HAMS,

FLOUR, BUTTER, OAT MEAL,

CORN MEAL, MACKEREL,

LABRADOR HERRINGS,

MATCHES.

Syrup in Kegs, Pails and Barrels.

Also a large stock of Summer Hats, &c., &c.

BROWN & CURRY.

# BELMONT SCHOOL.

Honor roll for May, 1888. Highest marks possible in each class, 800.

STANDARD V.—Ina McKay, 601.

STANDARD IV.—Jno. McLeod, 554; Chrissie McKay, 503; Willie McKay, 480; Albert Fraser, 477.

STANDARD III.—Isabel Gullion, 566; John Coleman, 541; Maggie McLeod, 512; Maggie Price, 498.

STANDARD II, Sr.—Caroline Gullion, 634; Lottie McKay, 596; Flora Fraser, 522; Lottie Coleman, 512.

STANDARD II, Jr.—Thomas Price, 487; Maggie Fraser, 460; James Gullion, 414.

STANDARD I.—Dolma McLeod, Willie Gullion, Willie Fraser.

Average attendance, 20; number on roll, 29.

J. B. STERLE, Teacher.

# STOLEN FURS.

An interesting debate took place in the house of commons on May 17th on the motion of Mr. Edgar for an investigation into the claim of Chas. Bremner of Bresaylor settlement near Battleford for the value of some \$4,000 to \$5,000 worth of fur, taken in charge from him by the military authorities in Battleford in '85, and of which he has never since had an account. In the spring of '85 Bremner was worth \$20,000 in stock and property, including the furs mentioned, the product of the winter's trade at several outposts. At the outbreak of the rebellion he, with several of his neighbors preferred to remain at their own places rather than seek refuge in Battleford, as all the rest of the settlers in the district did. They finally joined the Indians under Poundmaker, partly as they alleged under compulsion and partly in the hope of saving most of their property, which the Indians would have destroyed had they remained at their homes. Bremner took his furs with him to the Indian camp and still held them when Poundmaker surrendered. Bremner and his neighbors being with Poundmaker were arrested as well as he, and their effects, including Bremner's fur, taken charge of by the police or military. After a short time Bremner and his friends were released with or without trial, but when they asked for the restoration of the property taken from them at their arrest. Bremner's furs were missing and have remained so ever since. He billed the government for the furs, together with other losses, before the claims commission, but payment was refused on the ground that he had been a rebel. Messrs. Edgar and Laurier pointed out that even if these men were rebels that gave government officials and military officers no right to steal their furs. To throw some light on the ultimate fate of the furs Mr. Edgar read a copy of a letter received by Quartermaster Warden, of the police, at Battleford on July 5th, '85. The letter was dated Fort Pitt, 4th July, '85, and was addressed "Dear Warden," "Gen. Middleton has instructed and authorized me to send you the present letter, desiring that you put up bales of fur for the undermentioned: Two bales for General Middleton, one for S. L. Bedson, and one for myself. Please select the best, and pack them down, as we will be down there to-morrow by boat. (Signed) Hayter Reed, Assistant Commissioner of Indians." Minister of Justice Thompson made a long attack on Bremner and his friends, proving them to have been active rebels and therefore not entitled to claim damages for property destroyed by the Indians, but finally admitted that the matter of the furs was on a different footing, and said that the late minister of interior had been pursuing an enquiry into the matter at the time of his death. He wished the house "to understand that as regards that claim, the enquiry has not been concluded and will be pursued."

In the commons on May 18th Sir John Macdonald said: "I promised the honorable member for South Oxford to give him some general idea of the scheme for the crofters' settlement. The scheme is generally this. That the Imperial government are to advance £10,000 on the condition that £2,000 are raised from other sources. 1. That three or four trustees or commissioners should be appointed as a board to represent: (1) the Imperial government, (2) the Canadian government, (3) the private subscribers, and (4) the important land companies, whose gratuitous co-operation and assistance has been promised, subject only to reimbursement for actual authorized outlay, and that this board shall be intrusted with the responsibility of carrying out the scheme in accordance with the intention of government. 2. That the board shall be empowered to obtain such clerical or other assistance (possibly two paid emigration agents, one in this country and one in Canada) as may be necessary in the selection and final settlement of the emigrants. 3. That in the event of the families being selected and arrangements made for their reaching the port of embarkation, the emigration officers of the Canadian Pacific railway will take charge of the emigrants at Glasgow or elsewhere, carrying them to their final destination in the North-West for a fixed low rate of passage money. 4. That in order to meet the cost of emigration and to comply with the provisions of the 'Dominion land act, 1886,' a sum not exceeding £120 shall be advanced for each family, of which five-sixths shall be advanced by the Imperial government and one-sixth by private subscription, and expended in accordance with a scheme drawn up and approved by the minister of the interior in terms of section 38 of the aforesaid act. 5. That the board constituted as above will undertake, by means of their agents, to settle the emigrants on the government land, and to collect the instalments of capital and interest from them in the manner hereinafter mentioned, they having the benefit of the knowledge and experience both of Canadian government land agents and of the gratuitous co-operation of the officers of the Canadian Pacific railway, the Hudson's Bay company, and the Canadian North-West Land company. 6. That the Canadian government will give free grant lands of 160 acres to each family, and also render every assistance through the high commissioner in London, and through their immigration agents in Canada, in connection with the selection of the land for the emigrants, and their preliminary settlement. The Canadian government will require that the emigrants selected shall be formally approved by an officer on their behalf. 7. That the money grants shall be for a period of twelve years, bearing no interest for the first four years, but the before-mentioned board will collect the principal and interest from the settlers during the last eight years by an annuity which, on an advance £120, would amount to £20 17s. 8d. per annum. This is equivalent to an average interest of about 24 6s. per annum during the whole period of twelve years. 8. That the foregoing board will take, by way of security for the sum of £120, or lesser sum, so advanced, a mortgage on the 160 acres of free grant lands of the Dominion government, including a lien on the chattels, the mortgage being secured in favor of the board by legal agreement. 9. That, if thought desirable, the Canadian legislature will be requested to facilitate the passing of an act in connection with the constitution, powers and duties of the aforesaid board. This is the act which is before the house."

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# FRESH FRUIT.

Lemons and Oranges, Ice Cream and Ginger Ale, at

LAUDER'S BAKERY.

# JUST ARRIVED.

A most Choice Assortment of Ladies' Dress Goods. More to arrive in a few days.

# MILLINERY! MILLINERY!

Now on hand, the most magnificent assortment of the above that has ever been offered the Edmonton public, comprising Ladies' Hats and Bonnets, trimmed and untrimmed, Feathers, Mounts, Flowers, Hat Ornaments, Ribbons, Gloves and Laces, Etc. Also Gents' White Dress and Regatta Shirts, Merino Undershirts and Drawers, Silk Scarfs, Ties, Handkerchiefs, Kid Gloves, Straw Hats, and some fine pieces of Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Serges, Coatings, Etc., Etc.

PRICES AWAY DOWN.

Terms Strictly Cash.

W. JOHNSTONE WALKER.

Direct Importer of English Goods.

# BLUESTONE.

TIMOTHY SEED,

TURNIP SEED,

ONION SEED,

GARDEN SEED,

FULL STOCK AT:

PHIL DALY & CO.'S DRUG STORE.

# NOTICE.

EDMONTON CEMETERY COMPANY, (LIMITED).

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Edmonton Cemetery Company, (limited), will be held in the Court House, Edmonton, on

THURSDAY THE 21ST DAY OF JUNE

next, at the hour of 2 p. m., when the annual reports will be submitted and the Directors for the ensuing year elected, as well as other business transacted.

C. F. STRANG, Secy.-Treas.

Edmonton, May 21st, 1888.



# TENDERS

Will be received addressed to the Indian Agent, Edmonton, up to

NOON JUNE 20TH INST.,

for the supplying of the following quantities of

BEEF,

(or any portion thereof) at reserves adjacent to

EDMONTON, .....	23,150 lbs.
PEACE HILLS, .....	34,714 "
SADDLE LAKE, .....	3,600 "

Terms of contract to be in accordance with those shown in the Schedule for Indian contract which can be seen at the Indian office. Deposit of 5 per cent. to accompany each tender.

E. DEWDNEY,

Indian Commissioner.

Edmonton, June 1st, 1888.

# TO PASSENGERS AND SHIPPERS.

THE STEAMER "NORTH-WEST,"

Capt. James Sheets, will leave Edmonton for Grand Rapids on or about the 7th July making through connection by Lake Steamers

—FOR WINNIPEG.—

For further particulars apply on board, or to H. SWINFORD, Secretary.

Winnipeg, April 21st, 1888.

# NORRIS & CAREY,

JOBBERS

—AND—

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

EDMONTON, ALBERTA.

# YOUNG VALENTINE,

TROTTER HORSE,

Will take the following route this season:

MONDAY—Noon at L'Hirondelle Bros., west end of Big lake. Night at his own stable, Maloney Bros., St. Albert.

TUESDAY—Night at Geo. Long's, Sturgeon river, and remain all night.

WEDNESDAY—Noon at P. T. Flynn's, Sturgeon river. Night at Ft. Saskatchewan.

THURSDAY—Noon at Jas. Price's Little Mountain. Night at J. F. Smith's stable, Edmonton.

FRIDAY—Noon at Jas. Inkster's, South Side. Night at South Edmonton.

SATURDAY—Will proceed to his own stable and remain until Monday morning.

Terms, \$6, \$10 and \$12.

YOUNG OAK BRANCH, CLYDESDALE, Just imported.

Will be kept for service at Maloney Bros., St. Albert.

Insurance \$15.

TAM O'SHANTER, CLYDESDALE, will be kept for service at P. T. Flynn's place Sturgeon river, and Maloney Bros., St. Albert, alternately, during the season.

Insurance \$10.

GEO. HUTTON,

Proprietor.

FARM FOR SALE. Mile and a half from Edmonton, south side, 25 acres under cultivation. House, outbuildings and spring creek on the place. For particulars apply to D. McKINLAY, Edmonton, P. O.

# BANKING.

LAFFERTY & SMITH,

BANKERS AND FINANCIAL AGENTS. EDMONTON, REGINA, MOONOMIN AND CALGARY. P. G. GRAY, Manager.

P. DALY,

BANKER,

Drafts issued and collections made. Office, P. Daly & Co's Drug Store, Edmonton.

# EDMONTON RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

Members holding rifles from the association will either renew their subscriptions for the present year or return rifle at once to C. F. STRANG, Secretary.

# MILLINERY.

A few of those stylish

WHITE AND BLACK STRAWS

left yet.

Black and white silk lace 40 inches wide at JAMES MARTIN'S.

# WORK OXEN.

The undersigned has for sale five yoke of work oxen. May be seen at "Fairholme," East Edmonton. WM. FIELDS.

# EDMONTON & ST. ALBERT AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

A meeting of of the directors of the above society is hereby called for SATURDAY JUNE 23RD, at 2 P. M., in the Edmonton School House.

GEO. S. LONG,

President.

J. WALTER, Carriage Maker and Boat Builder, Ft. Edmonton ferry landing, south side.

Just arrived a large stock of Hickory and Oak plank and boards, all sizes. Wagon Tongues, Buggy Tongues, Buggy Shafts, Buggy and Wagon Spokes, Felloes and Wheels, Whiffle Trees and Neck Yokes, Seat Springs, etc.

Four new boats, medium size, now on hand.

ROYAL MAIL AND STAGE LINK making weekly trips between Calgary and Edmonton. Leaves Calgary every Thursday morning, making close connection with the train which leaves Winnipeg on the preceding Monday morning, and arrives at Edmonton on the following Monday evening. Leaves Edmonton on Thursday morning and arrives at Calgary on the following Monday. Passage \$25; 50 lbs. baggage free. Express matter addressed in care of the undersigned will be forwarded without delay, and the advance charges paid by us. Rates, 10 cts. a pound from Calgary. LEESON & SCOTT, mail contractors, Calgary.

# BALLENTYNE YATES,

PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTIST,

Studio temporarily at T. B. Henderson's, Main street. Photographs, Groups, Views, etc. Also Gem Tintypes delivered finished in first-class style in thirty minutes. A large stock of first-class material just arrived. Now is your time to leave your orders for a real good Card, Cabinet, Group or Tintype. Good workmanship guaranteed at moderate prices.

# THRESHING MACHINES.

THE NEW MODEL,

33 and 36 inch Cylinder. Will thresh more grain of any kind, and cleaner, with less waste, than any Machine in the market. The New Model is the best Machine to be had for Flax.

HALL THRESHING MACHINES,

22 and 36 inch Cylinder. Though this Machine has been before the farmers of Canada and the United States for fifty years, it is still the Favorite Machine where Horse-Power is the motive power to drive it.

OSHAWA 12 HORSE PORTABLE ENGINES, with Spark Arresters, Dalgell Steel and Wilson's Steel Tubes in the Boilers, the best Steel and the best Tubes in the world, ensuring absolute safety to all who look after their Engines.

PITTS 10 HORSE DOWN POWERS.

WOODBURY 12 HORSE MOUNTED POWERS.

PLANET 10 HORSE DOWN POWER,

all of Iron, safe to leave out in all weather.

CALIFORNIA 12 HORSE DOWN POWER,

all of Iron, safe to leave out in all weather.

In quality of material, good workmanship and finish, these Machines cannot be excelled. Repairs and parts of Machines at all times on hand.

JOSEPH HALL MACHINE WORKS, OSHAWA.

JOHN LIVINGSTONE, Trustee.

## GENERAL.

Gen. Sheridan of the United States army is sick and likely to die.

The Northern Pacific is likely to enter Manitoba at Boissevain.

The Red River Valley railway will not be completed before August.

The Hudson's Bay company are starting business at Pincher Creek.

Work on the North-West Central railway is being carried on on Sunday.

Five hundred tons of coal were mined in one day at Lethbridge lately.

Calgary will be assessed two cents on the dollar this year to raise \$20,000.

Application has been made to place La Minerve of Montreal in insolvency.

Forty miles of the Winnipeg & South Eastern railway will be built this season.

Messrs. Finlay and Tweed are candidates for the North-West legislature in Medicine Hat.

Reported that Osman Digma's camp near Suakim has been burnt, with 2,000 of his followers.

Major McGibbon will probably inspect the Indian agencies in treaties six and seven this season.

Medicine Hat school bonds sold lately at par, bearing 8 per cent. interest, with \$35 for expenses.

The Regina Leader says the territorial elections will take place about the third or fourth week in June.

I. F. Clarke will start a French liberal paper in Winnipeg shortly, to be called Le Courrier du Manitoba.

The MacLeod Gazette reports a snow fall of a foot at Pincher Creek on May 19th, and of two feet in the Porcupine hills.

Dakota papers of May 24th speak of a cold and backward spring. Too cold for corn and garden stuff, but good for wheat.

## DEATH.

McMunn.—On May 21st in the township of Bathurst, county of Lanark, Ont., Mrs. Cornelia McMunn, mother of Jas. McMunn, of Edmonton, of a paralytic stroke, in the 78th year of her age.

## METEOROLOGICAL.

Weather report for week ending Saturday morning, June 9th, 1888. Reported for the BULLETIN by Mr. Alexander Taylor, observer at Edmonton.

	Max.	Min.
Saturday,	81	51
Sunday,	74	56
Monday,	54	29
Tuesday,	65	30
Wednesday,	60	42
Thursday,	53	39
Friday,	62	41
Saturday		39

Barometer rising, 27.820.  
Average of wind for week 4.8 miles per hour.

## TO THE ELECTORS OF EDMONTON ELECTORAL DISTRICT.

GENTLEMEN,—

In accordance with the request of a large number of voters I have the honor to offer myself as a candidate for the representation of this district in the legislature of the North-West Territories. As I am probably best known to most of you by the opinions that I hold on public questions, it is not necessary at this time to define them at great length or in minute particular.

The views that I have advocated in the past regarding responsible government for the Territories I still hold, and am glad to see that while a few years ago I stood almost alone in that matter, to-day, as I believe the result of the coming elections will show, these are the views of an overwhelming majority of the people of the North-West. Having made up their minds as to the prime necessity of getting the management of their local affairs into the hands of their own representatives, it remains for the electors to place in the legislature men who can be depended upon to work with intelligence, energy and success to that end.

My record, both in a public and private capacity, for many years past is before you, and on that I appeal to you for support. If in the past I have been unfaithful to any trust reposed in me, if I have not used my best endeavors to advance the interests of this district and the Territories at large, if I have dealt unfairly by any section, race, creed, or individual in the community, or if the endeavors I have made in the public interest have not been to a reasonable extent successful, I do not expect support. But if I have been faithful to every trust, if I have always worked to advance the public interest, if I have never dealt unfairly between section and section, between race and race, between creed and creed, or between man and man, and if my endeavors have reached a fair measure of success I ask for the support of every voter who desires to be represented honestly, earnestly, impartially

and successfully, for his vote and influence to secure my election.

Respectfully yours,

FRANK OLIVER.

Edmonton, June 9th, 1888.

## TO THE ELECTORS OF EDMONTON:

GENTLEMEN:—

The writs having been issued you will shortly be called upon to select two men to represent you in the legislative assembly. Having had the honor of representing the Edmonton district in the North-West council during the past three sessions, and having been requested by a large number of the electors to again present myself for election I have decided to appeal to you again and now ask for your support and influence.

My record in the council is well known to you all and upon that you are now asked to pass judgment. If you are satisfied that I have done my duty and carried out as far as possible the pledges made in 1885, you should I think again vote for me. I am prepared to stand or fall by my course since you elected me. As that course has been in the past, so will it be in the future. If you again honor me by electing me as one of your first representatives in the first assembly for the Territories my first and foremost aim will be to make the assembly as at present constituted the last of its kind. In my opinion it is no improvement upon the council, in fact a shade or two worse. Believing that we are fully entitled to a full provincial form of government I will endeavor to secure the same, and as your representative will compromise on nothing less. The council in the name of the people definitely requested the Dominion government in 1886 to grant the Territories responsible government. Through some family quarrel among the M. P.'s from the Territories no action was taken. Again in 1887 the council repeated the request of 1886 and in answer to it we have been given what is called "An Assembly," but which is in reality nothing but the council with a new name. It was said in the house that the people of the Territories "Had a holy horror of responsible government." If so then the council greatly misrepresented the views of their constituents. If you are satisfied with the prevailing condition of affairs, I most decidedly misrepresented you on this question; but when you elected me I was pledged to support responsible government and if again returned I will be found advocating the same measure.

The representation given this section is not what was asked for (both in 1886 and 1887) and not what it is entitled to, therefore it will be my aim to secure larger representation for the present Edmonton district; Lac la Biche, Victoria and adjacent country should return one member and Edmonton and St. Albert two combined, or one each, divided. Alberta is increasing in population, wealth, and industries faster than either of the other provisional districts, and cannot allow her representation to be reduced to the minimum.

My views upon the question of license have already been placed upon record, and they have not changed since then. Briefly: I believe in repealing the present inoperative law. The introduction of a license law of the most stringent and highest kind, leaving to the people of each provisional district the power of introducing the Canada Temperance Act whenever a majority of the electors so desire.

The representatives of St. Albert and Prince Albert, along with myself succeeded after a struggle extending over two sessions in passing a memorial asking the government to grant scrip to all Metis children born in the Territories since 1870. The council also asked for scrip and medals for the N. W. M. Police and "home-guards," and an immediate settlement of all rebellion claims both as to loss and accounts against the government for goods supplied, work done etc., according to contract. I regret that these recommendations were not acted on, but believing that they are only just and fair it will give me pleasure to again move in the same direction.

The district has received its full share of all funds over which the council had control, as well as its share of the monies voted by the federal government for roads in the North-West, and in the expenditure of these funds it has been my endeavor to treat all sections of the country in an equitable manner.

The district being so large and its settlements somewhat scattered it will be impossible for me to make a personal canvass before the election, but I hope to have the pleasure of addressing most of the electors at the various settlements and explaining more fully my views upon these and other important questions. In the meantime I will briefly mention a few of the points which if elected will be advocated by me as vigorously as possible. It is true that most of them do not come directly within the power of the assembly to deal with but as our representatives at Ottawa do not appear to exert their influence in our behalf, we can through the assembly memorialize the government and

thus bring our wants to the attention of the powers that be.

1. That the government make a treaty with the Indians in the north, and also open a road from here to the northern country, thus giving not only Edmonton but Alberta a market for its produce.

2. That public buildings such as a court house, registry office, sheriff's office etc. be erected here.

3. That liberal aid be given to branch lines of railways in the Territories and more especially to such railways whose objective points are in the district. Also that the assembly have the power to charter railways, and no disallowance.

4. Improvement of the Saskatchewan river.

5. Increased postal accommodation for Edmonton and the north, including Lac la Biche and Athabasca Landing.

6. The building of a telegraph line from Calgary to Edmonton and Athabasca Landing.

7. Assistance to settlers from the old country to the North-West.

In conclusion I have but to say that in the discharge of my duties as one of your representatives I have been guided solely by what I considered to be for the best interests of the country, without respect to class or party and if you select me again for one of your members the same considerations will still guide my course. If you are satisfied with my course and desire me to again serve you, it will give me great pleasure to do so, and I will feel highly honored by becoming your representative, but if not elected my support as a citizen will be most willingly given in every way to those you elect, so long as they fight for the principles I have so feebly outlined.

I have the honor to be, Gentlemen,

Yours obediently,

H. C. WILSON.

Edmonton, June 7th, 1888.

## TO THE ELECTORS OF EDMONTON.

ALFRED BREALEY,

Candidate in the farming and ranching interest for the representation of Edmonton district in the North-West legislature, respectfully requests your vote and influence.

## LONDON ILLUSTRATED NEWS.

The best weekly illustrated paper in the world.

Every issue an artistic and literary treat. To those interested in British affairs, political, literary or social, it offers the information they require at a cheaper rate, a less expenditure of time and with greater assurance of impartiality and accuracy than any other publication.

The American edition, in every way the exact copy of the original English edition, will be furnished to paid-in-advance subscribers to the BULLETIN at \$3.50 per year. Ten dollars will pay two NEW yearly subscriptions to the BULLETIN and the News.

## NOTICE TO TEACHERS IN N.W.T.

The next examination of Candidates for Teachers' certificates will begin on 7th August, 1888.

Intending candidates should at once communicate with the inspectors of their districts.

JAMES BROWN,

Secretary Board of Education.

Regina, 19th April, 1888.

## CHURCHES.

ST. JOACHIM'S, R. C. CHURCH, Edmonton.—Mass at 10:30 a.m. every Sunday, Sermon in English, French and Cree. Afternoon services at 3 o'clock. H. GRANDIN, O.M.I.

METHODIST CHURCH OF CANADA. Rev. G. H. Long, Pastor. Hours of services. Edmonton, 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. every Sabbath. Sabbath school 2:30 p. m. Sturgeon river: April 29, May 13 and 27; June 10th and 24th, at 3 p. m. Clover Bar: April 22nd, May 20th, June 17th, at the house of Mr. Daly at 3 p. m.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.—All Saints' Sunday school at 10, divine service at 11. Lower Settlement, Sunday school and service at 3. Hermitage, S. S. at 5, service at 6. Fort Saskatchewan, service second Sunday in each month at 11. Holy communion at All Saints' 1st Sunday in the month, and at the Hermitage every Friday morning at 9.

EDMONTON PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Pastor, the Rev. D. G. McQueen, B. A. Sabbath services: Edmonton 11 a.m. (except April 15th and May 13th), and 7 p. m. Belmont, 2:30 p. m., April 15th, 26th, May 13th, 27th. Sturgeon, 3 p. m., April 22nd, May 20th. Clover Bar, 3 p. m., April 8th, May 6th. Ft. Saskatchewan, 10 a. m., April 15th, May 13th.

## PROFESSIONAL

C. H. CONNOR, Advocate, Notary, Public, Etc. Office, Main street, first building west of the post office, Edmonton, Alta.

ROBERT STRACHAN, Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public and Conveyancer, Edmonton, Alberta; Office, Main Street, Edmonton, "between Stewart & Bannerman's and Ross Bros. stores."

DR. J. H. TOFIELD,

St. George's Hospital, London, Temporary residence and consulting room, second log house east of Mr. Cameron's store.

J. U. PRIEUR,

BARRISTER, AVOCAT, ETC.,

ST. ALBERT.

H. C. WILSON, M. D., PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR. Office next Daly's Drug Store. Consultation hours:—3 to 5 p. m.

SHAW & PRINCE,

BARRISTERS, ADVOCATES, ETC.,

Edmonton, Alberta, N. W. T. CHARLES L. SHAW. ANTONIO PRINCE.

## HOTELS.

JASPER HOUSE, north side of Main street. The only brick building in Edmonton. First-class weekly and daily board at reasonable rates. Good stabling in connection. J. GOODRIDGE, Proprietor.

HOTEL DU CANADA, Edmonton, south side of Main street. First class weekly and daily board at reasonable rates. Meals at all hours. Good feed stable in connection. J. S. EDMONTON, Proprietor.

ROYAL HOTEL, REILLY & MARTIN, Proprietors. The Royal still continues to be the leading hotel in Calgary and no expense or pains on the part of the proprietors will be spared to keep it so. Table First-Class. Public patronage respectfully solicited.

EDMONTON HOTEL the pioneer house of entertainment west of Portage la Prairie. An extensive addition has been made to this establishment which now offers superior accommodation to my old patrons and the travelling public. A first-class billiard room Good stabling attached. DONALD ROSS Proprietor.

ALBERTA HOTEL.—North side Main street, Edmonton, Alberta, N. W. T.

This well known establishment continues to furnish first class accommodation to travellers and the public generally. The cuisine is under the management of Mr. F. Pagerie, whose skill in his department is well known in Manitoba and the North-West. Good stabling and livery attached. Every attention paid to the requirements of guests.

L. KELLY, Proprietor.

## BUSINESS.

MARRIAGE LICENSES may be obtained at THE HERMITAGE.

P. BYRNES.—Boots and Shoes made to order. Main Street Edmonton. Opposite BULLETIN office.

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.—Near Norris & Carey's store, Edmonton. Horseshoeing and General Jobbing. Terms cash. EDMUND LYONS.

LIVERY, FEED, and SALE STABLES. Potatoes, Oats, and all kinds of Feed kept constantly on hand for sale. M. McCAULEY, Main Street, Edmonton.

J. F. SMITH.—LIVERY, FEED & SALE STABLE. Adjoining Hotel du Canada, Main street, Edmonton. Oats and feed constantly on hand. Good drivers to let at any hour.

GEO. P. SANDERSON,

GENERAL BLACKSMITH.

HORSESHOEING A SPECIALTY. Shop in rear of A. Macdonald & Co.'s store.

JAMES McDONALD, Builder and Contractor. Sash and doors on hand and made to order. Plans and estimates of buildings furnished. Everything done with neatness and despatch. Office and shop, Main st. Edmonton.

A. F. DEGAGNE, Carpenter and Contractor. Plans and Specifications furnished. Mill-wright work a speciality. Doors and Sash on hand. Victoria Avenue, next Registry Office, Edmonton, Alberta.

## A SOCIETY OF LADIES

Has been formed in aid of the Church of England, calling themselves "The Willing Workers." Orders may be left at the residence of the President, Mrs. F. Wilson for plain and fancy needlework.